Claims

What is claimed is:

1. A method of voltage modulation for computed tomography (CT) imaging comprising the steps of: acquiring a set of cardiac signals having a plurality triggering pulses; determining a period of delay after each triggering pulse; after each period of delay, energizing a high frequency electromagnetic energy source to a first voltage; acquiring a set of imaging data of a scan subject; and after acquiring the set of imaging data, energizing the high frequency electromagnetic energy source to a second voltage until the period of delay after a next triggering pulse.

[c2]

2. The method of claim 1 wherein the second voltage is less than the first voltage.

3. The method of claim 2 wherein the second voltage is zero.

[c3]

4. The method of claim 1 further comprising the step of: determining a primary and a secondary imaging stage from the set of cardiac signals;

energizing the high frequency electromagnetic energy projection source to the

first voltage during the primary imaging stage; and energizing the high frequency electromagnetic energy projection source to the second voltage during the secondary imaging stage.

[c5]

5. The method of claim 4 further comprising the step of filtering low energy high frequency electromagnetic energy projected to the scan subject to reduce high frequency electromagnetic energy exposure to the scan subject.

[c6]

6. The method of claim 1 further comprising the step of determining a radiation dosage profile from the set of cardiac signals.

[c7]

7. A radiation emitting imaging system comprising: a high frequency electromagnetic energy projection source configured to project high frequency energy toward a scan subject;

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[c8]

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[c9]

[c10]

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a detector assembly to receive high frequency electromagnetic energy attenuated by the scan subject and output a plurality of electrical signals indicative of the attenuation to a data acquisition system (DAS); a control configured to:

determine a plurality of primary data acquisition stages and a plurality of secondary data acquisition stages;

energize the high frequency electromagnetic energy projection source to a first voltage during each data acquisition stage to acquire primary imaging data; energize the high frequency electromagnetic energy projection source to a second voltage during each secondary data acquisition stage; and reconstruct an image of the scan subject from the imaging data acquired during each data acquisition stage.

- 8. The system of claim 7 further comprising a bowtie filter configured to filter a portion of the high frequency electromagnetic energy projected by the high frequency electromagnetic energy projection source to the scan subject.
- 9. The system of claim 7 wherein each data acquisition stage is followed by a secondary data acquisition stage.
- 10. The system of claim 7 wherein the control is further configured to drive the high frequency electromagnetic energy projection source to a zero voltage during each non-data acquisition stage.
- 11. The system of claim 7 wherein the plurality of secondary data acquisition stages includes a plurality of non-data acquisition stages.
- 12. The system of claim 7 further comprising a plurality of EKG sensors configured to acquire a set of EKG signals of a cardiac region of the scan subject.
- 13. The system of claim 12 wherein the control is further configured to determine a data acquisition stage and a secondary acquisition system from the set of EKG signals.
- 14. The system of claim 13 wherein the control is further comprised to

[c13]

[c14]

determine a number of subsets from the set of EKG signals and determine a triggering pulse within each subset and energize the high frequency electromagnetic energy projection source to the first voltage after a delay of the triggering pulse.

[c15]

15. A computer readable storage medium having a computer program stored thereon and representing a set of instructions that when executed by a computer causes the computer to:

analyze a set of cardiac motion signals acquired from a set of EKG sensors from a torso region of a scan subject;

determine from the set of cardiac motion signals a number of primary data acquisition stages and a number of secondary acquisition stages;

transmit a first voltage modulation signal to a voltage source configured to energize an x-ray projection source used to project x-rays to the scan subject for data acquisition, the first voltage modulation signal configured to drive the voltage source to a first voltage for each primary data acquisition stage; acquire a set of imaging data; and

transmit a second voltage modulation signal to the voltage source, the second voltage modulation signal being configured to drive the voltage source to a second voltage for each secondary acquisition stage.

[c16]

16. The computer readable storage medium of claim 15 wherein the set of instructions further causes the computer to determine a dosage profile from the set of EKG signals and modulate the voltage source according to the dosage profile.

[c17]

17. The computer readable storage medium of claim 15 wherein the second voltage is less than the first voltage.

[c18]

18. The computer readable storage medium of claim 17 wherein the second voltage is zero.

19. The computer readable storage medium of claim 15 wherein the set of instructions further causes the computer to reduce x-ray projections to the scan subject during the number of secondary acquisition stages.



[c20]

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- 20. The computer readable storage medium of claim 15 wherein the set of instructions further causes the computer to determine the first voltage from a set of imaging parameters on a per imaging session basis.
- 21. The computer readable storage medium of claim 15 wherein the number of secondary acquisition states includes a number of non-data acquisition stages.

